**'Avrai tu l'universo, resti l'’Italia a me****'**

**Lesson 1 – Come ti chiami?**

In Italian the stressed syllable is normally the penultimate one unless I have pointed out otherwise.

|  |
| --- |
| Come ti chiami? |

What is your name?

|  |
| --- |
| Mi chiamo Marco |

My name is Marco

**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\***

Completa le frasi

Co\_\_ \_\_ t\_\_ ch \_\_ \_\_mi?

M\_\_ c\_\_ ia\_\_ o \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\***

**Toca a te**

How would each person below say what they are called in Italian?

Come ti chiami?

\_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_.

**Lucca**

**Maria**

How would each person below say what they are called in Italian?

Come ti chiami?

Marco

Elisa

|  |
| --- |
| Come si chiama? |

What is he called? / What is she called?

Occasionally you can add a **he** or **she** on the end to avoid ambiguity if it is not clear who is being referred to.

So you would have: Come si chiama lui?/ Come si chiama lei?

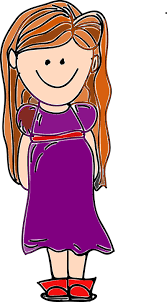
But normally you would not add subject pronouns in Italian.

**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\***

**Completa la frase**

Co\_\_e s\_\_ ch\_\_ \_\_ma?

To answer the question above you say:

Si chiama + name

Come si chiami?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Giulianna

Come si chiama?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Stefano

****

Come si chiama?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Maria

**Parole imparate finora**  Words learned so far

What is your name? Come ti chiami?

What is he or she called? Come si chiama?

Mi chiamo I am called…

Si chiama He is called/she is called.

**Subject pronouns**

in English we always use subject pronouns but in Italian they are only used for emphasis or to avoid ambiguity.

io I

tu you (singular or informal)

lui he

lei she

Lei you (formal)

noi we

voi you (plural)

loro they

Beat the clock

I \_\_\_\_\_

he \_\_\_\_\_

what is your name? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

we \_\_\_\_\_

they \_\_\_\_\_

what is he called? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

you (formal) \_\_\_\_\_

**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\***

**Some Italian names**

Matteo Riccardo Giuseppe

Francesco Giovanni Alessandro

Sofia Giulia Giorgia

Emma Chiara Anna

|  |
| --- |
| Buongiorno. Come sta? |

Hello. How are you? (formal)

There are several ways to greet people in Italian. Many people have heard the word *ciao* which is a colloquial word for *hi* and is used with people you know very well.

|  |
| --- |
| Ciao. Come stai? |

Hi. How are you? (informal)

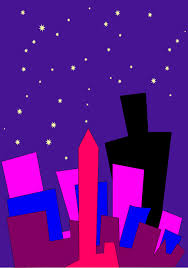
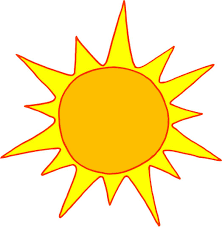
Write down the most appropriate greeting for each of the following:

your friend a policeman

your teacher your mother

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Greetings – Saluti



Buongiorno Buona sera Buona notte

****

****

A presto Arrivederci

New words - vocabolario

Ciao Hi/bye (informal)

Come stai? how are you?

Così e così So so.

Molto bene grazie very well thank you

Male not very well

Non c’è male not too bad

a presto see you soon

arrivederci good bye

**\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\***

Read the following greetings and translate the English answer given into Italian

Buongiorno Anna.

Come stai?

Lucca

(Anna says ‘very well thank you’)

Buongiorno Lucca

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ciao Marco. Come stai?

Alessandro

Ciao Alessandro

\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(Marco says ‘not too bad thank you’)

Buona sera Maria. Come stai?

Sofia

Buona sera Sofia. \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_

(Maria says ‘so so’)

Beat the clock

hi/bye \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

hello \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

good evening \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

so so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

very well thank you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

good bye \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

how are you? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

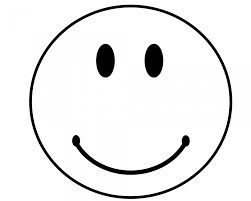
thank you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

not good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

good night (retiring to bed) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Dica il saluto appropriato per rispondere alla domanda ‘Come stai?’ Secondo l’expressione del viso/Say out loud the correct greeting in answer to the question ‘Come stai?’ according to the face.





Completa le scatole con le parole italiane per le frasi fuori dalla sc***a***tola

Hello Anna

Marc how are you?

Very well thank you and you?

Not too bad

See you soon.

**Parte 2**

**Dove *a*biti?**

|  |
| --- |
| Dove *a*biti? |

Where do you live?

|  |
| --- |
| *A*bito a Siena |

I live in Sienna

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

|  |
| --- |
| Di dove sei? |

Where are you from?

|  |
| --- |
| Sono di Milano |

I am from Milan

|  |
| --- |
| Qual è la tua nazionalità? |

What is your nationality?

|  |
| --- |
| Sono italiano/  Sono italiana |

I am Italian

**Grammar 1**

|  |
| --- |
| **Sono + adjective of nationality**  Sono italiano I am Italian  Sono cinese I am Chinese  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **Sono di + town**  Sono di Roma I am from Rome  Sono di York I am from York  *(*note you don't say *sono di* + country)  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **Vivo a + town /city**  Vivo a Tokyo I live in Tokyo  Vivo a Parigi I live in Paris  So how would you say in Italian?  I am Pablo. I am Spanish, from Madrid but I live in New York. |

As you will see above there are two words for I live *a*bito and *vivo*. Abito only means reside whereas *vivo* means exist as well.



Buongiorno. Mi chiamo Luca. Sono italiano e abito a Roma, ma sono di Firenze.

Hello. I am called Luca. I am Italian and I live in Rome, but I am from Sienna.

Ciao mi chiamo Martha; sono inglese e **a**bito a Manchester, ma sono di Londra.



Buongiorno. Mi chiamo Sophie. Sono francese e **a**bito a Parigi in Francia. Ma sono di Abbeville.

******

Ciao sono Marco. Sono italiano ma **a**bito a Berlino in Germ**a**nia ma sono di Roma

**Vocabolario**

Mi chiamo….. I am called…….

sono italiano I am Italian

e and

abito a Roma I live in Rome

a Roma in Rome (**a** is used with towns to mean *in*)

Parigi Paris

ecco here is

sono I am

**a**bito I live/reside

vivo I live

una città a city

il nord the north

il paese country (i.e. nation)

la Sc***o***zia Scotland

l'Inghilterra England

La Fr***a***ncia France

L'It**a**lia Italy

La R**u**ssia Russia

La Spagna Spain

La Gr***e***cia Greece

il C**a**nada Canada

I Paesi Bassi Netherlands

La Cina China

La Norv***e***gia Norway

La Germ***a***nia Germany

La Svizz**e**ra Switzerland

L'Austr**a**lia Australia

La Norv***e***gia Norway

I Stati Uniti USA

**La nazionalità nationality**

francese French

italiano Italian

russo Russian

spagnolo Spanish

greco Greek

canadese Canadian

olandese Dutch

cinese Chinese

norvegese Norwegian

tedesco German

svizzero Swiss

australiano Australian

inglese English

scozzese Scotland

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

**Guarda le immagini e dica in quale paese ab*i*tano.**



Amelia ***a***bita in Francia. E francese



Laura ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.



Anastasia ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Paulo ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



Jack ***a***bita negli \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



Andreas ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



Anna ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



Emma ***a***bita nei \_\_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Erik ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_





Sam ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. E

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



Sue ***a***bita in­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Elle est \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Henri ***a***bita in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Il est \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*